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## COMMENTS AND CORRECTIONS Corrections to "A Verifiably Secure ECC Based Authentication Scheme for Securing IoD Using FANET"

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In the above article [1], the following corrections are necessary: Section II, preliminaries, subsection E Adversary Model – This model is based on [2], suppose the proposed protocol is denoted by  $\prod$ , entities involved are Mobile-Device (M), Drone (D), ground-control-station (GCS) and many instances are  $\pi$  means an ith instance of  $\prod$ . GCS has a confidential key s; suppose the drone has its identity ID<sub>D</sub>, nonce, N<sub>D</sub>, and public key R<sub>D</sub>; mobile-device (M) has ID<sub>M</sub>, nonce N<sub>M</sub>, publicly known key R<sub>M</sub>. Drone (D) stores (R<sub>D</sub>, S<sub>D</sub>, PK<sub>D</sub>, SK<sub>D</sub>), and Mobile-Device (M) stores (R<sub>M</sub>, S<sub>M</sub>, PK<sub>M</sub>, SK<sub>M</sub>) parameters in their memories. Adversary interacts with  $\prod$  to represent themselves as a malicious drone with D, M, or GCS in the following manner. Similarly, in [1], Section IV, subsection C, Authentication Phase, duplicate occurrence of **MODULE II(c)** must be removed. It should be kept once instead of two times in the paper.

## REFERENCES

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- [2] Q. Do, B. Martini, and K.-K. R. Choo, "The role of the adversary model in applied security research," *Comput. Secur.*, vol. 81, pp. 156–181, Mar. 2019.

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