

**Invited paper**

**Optical Performance Monitoring Techniques;  
Current Status and Future Challenges**

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**Abstract**

*The optical performance monitoring technique is of critical importance for the continual advancement of dynamic WDM networks. This paper reviews its current status and future challenges.*

**Extended Abstract**

For the efficient operation and management of dynamic WDM networks, it is vital to monitor the key parameters directly in the optical layer. To date, numerous techniques have been proposed and demonstrated to monitor various parameters including the channel power, frequency, OSNR, Q-factor, and optical path, etc. However, the recent progresses in WDM networks including the utilization of advanced modulation formats and operation at even higher speed of 100 Gb/s necessitate further developments of these techniques. In addition, for the continual advancement of dynamic WDM networks, it would be necessary to develop a standardized method for the effective utilization of optical performance monitors. In this paper, we review the current status of the optical performance monitoring techniques and discuss their future challenges.



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Y. C. Chung is professor of electrical engineering at Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (KAIST), which he joined in 1994. From 1987 to 1994, he was with the Lightwave Systems Research Department at AT&T Bell Laboratories. From 1985 to 1987, he was with Los Alamos National Laboratory under AWU-DOE Program. His current activities include high-capacity WDM networks, optical performance monitoring techniques, WDM passive optical networks, and fiber-optic networks for wireless communications, etc. He has published over 400 journal and conference papers in these areas and holds over 60 patents. He is a Fellow of IEEE and OSA.