

ROOM 318-320	ROOM 321-323	ROOM 324-326	ROOM 314	ROOM 315	JOINT	C L E O	ROOM 317	QELS	ROOM 336
CFB • Nd Lasers Norman P. Barnes, NASA Langley Res. Ctr., USA, President 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFB • Laser Sources for Active Optical Sensing Terrence Meyer, Innovative Scientific Solutions, Inc., USA, President 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFD • Stimulated Nd:O Processes Jean-Claude Diels, Univ. of New Mexico, USA, President 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFD • Imaging of Issue and Cancer Xiaogang Li, Univ. of Washington, USA, President 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFD • Harmonic and X-Ray Generation in Plasmas Zenghu Chang, Kansas State Univ., USA, President 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFI • High Brightness Injection Seeded Table-top Soft X-ray Laser Using a Dense Plasma Amplifier Suzanne Coen, Rainer Koenig, John Farley, Physic Dept., Univ. of Auckland, New Zealand. The human eye is shown to have a strong influence on the parametric gain of a single pump parametric amplifier. A strong reduction in the parametric gain at 15.5 THz is observed due to this effect. 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFI • 800 nm. High-Speed Camera for Frequency Domain Imaging, Image Reconstruction, and Infrared Trace-gas Detection, During and Limitations of fiber-based laser systems for trace-gas detection will be reviewed. I will present example applications and indicate potential for in situ and remote detection at wavelengths from the mid-IR through the deep-UV. 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFI • 800 nm. Pump Parameter Amplifiers Stuart C. Hirshfeld, Suzanne Coen, Rainer Koenig, John Farley, Physic Dept., Univ. of Auckland, New Zealand. The human eye is shown to have a strong influence on the parametric gain of a single pump parametric amplifier. A strong reduction in the parametric gain at 15.5 THz is observed due to this effect. 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFI • 800 nm. Nonlinear Opticamatic Zupas, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 800 a.m. Gated Wave Temporal Imaging Based on Dye Laser Mihaila Drinić, Bell Labs, Lucent Technologies, USA, President 8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.
CFI • 8:15 a.m. Laser Properties of Composite Nd:Gd₃O₅ Single Crystal Grown by the Double-Die EG Method Makoto Hisatsuma, Deanna Miyamoto, Shinya Watanabe, Atsuo Hidemitsu Tanaka, Yosuke Sato, Hirohisa Fujimura, Toshiyuki Suzuki, Toshiaki Saito, Res. Ctr. for Molecular Science, Japan, Rubber R&D Ctr., Rich Co., Ltd., Japan 8:15 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Single-Scattering Optical Tomography John S. Schulman*, Dept. of Radiology, Univ. of Pennsylvania, USA, Dept. of Bioengineering, Univ. of Pennsylvania, USA. We propose a novel tomographic method which utilizes visible or near-infrared light as a probe in the "mesoscopic" scattering regime when the tissue exhibits sufficiently strong scattering yet the reflected light is not diffuse. Bilateral Scattering is a very reliable in its output frequency and modulation bandwidth.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Use of Optical Tweezers to Fabricate Tunable Filters in Photonic Crystal Fibers Peter Donachuk, Mark Grinblat-Goldstein, Farrokh Omrani, Dept. of Chemistry, School of Science, Univ. of Tel Aviv, Israel. We report the direct observation of a train of focused pulses by means of an autocorrelation method for the generation and modulation of Millimeter waves is presented. Based on frequency upconversion via stimulated Brillouin Scattering, it is very reliable in its output frequency and modulation bandwidth.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Loop-Lens Compression for Generation of 3.5 nJ Femtosecond Pulses from a CW Laser, Using an Acousto-Optic Deflector Jennifer Lee, Opto-X Inc., Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL. We present a low-threshold polymer-based tunable dye-laser. By employing a third order DBF laser resonator, we demonstrate a threshold fluence of $\sim 2 \mu\text{J/mm}^2$ and a tunability of 15 nm using a single laser dye.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Y. Nishizawa*, T. Shimizu*, Katsushi Midorikawa*, T. Okino*, Y. Yamamoto*, HIRLEN, Japan, Dept. of Chemistry, School of Science, Univ. of Tokyo, Japan. We report the direct observation of a train of focused pulses by means of an autocorrelation method for the generation and modulation of Millimeter waves is presented. Based on frequency upconversion via stimulated Brillouin Scattering, it is very reliable in its output frequency and modulation bandwidth.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Guided Wave Temporal Imaging Based on Dye Laser Andreas Krämer, Technical Univ. (Darmstadt), Germany. We present a low-threshold polymer-based tunable dye-laser. By employing a third order DBF laser resonator, we demonstrate a threshold fluence of $\sim 2 \mu\text{J/mm}^2$ and a tunability of 15 nm using a single laser dye.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Gated Wave Temporal Imaging Based on Dye Laser Cory V. Bernier, Bryan D. Moran, Carson Langrock, Michael Drinić, Merton Israël, Univ. of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, USA. Univ. of Southampton, UK. Guided-wave parametric temporal imaging is demonstrated with 1.8 ps resolution and 1000 \times dynamic range. Waveforms are 30 kX times magnified before recording single-shot on a streak camera, and on a real-time oscilloscope repeating at 10 Hz rates.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Cory V. Bernier, Bryan D. Moran, Carson Langrock, Michael Drinić, Merton Israël, Univ. of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, USA. Univ. of Southampton, UK. Guided-wave parametric temporal imaging is demonstrated with 1.8 ps resolution and 1000 \times dynamic range. Waveforms are 30 kX times magnified before recording single-shot on a streak camera, and on a real-time oscilloscope repeating at 10 Hz rates.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.
CFI • 8:15 a.m. Laser Properties of Composite Nd:Gd₃O₅ Single Crystal Grown by the Double-Die EG Method Makoto Hisatsuma, Deanna Miyamoto, Shinya Watanabe, Atsuo Hidemitsu Tanaka, Yosuke Sato, Hirohisa Fujimura, Toshiyuki Suzuki, Toshiaki Saito, Res. Ctr. for Molecular Science, Japan, Rubber R&D Ctr., Rich Co., Ltd., Japan 8:15 a.m. - 9:45 a.m.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Single-Scattering Optical Tomography John S. Schulman*, Dept. of Radiology, Univ. of Pennsylvania, USA, Dept. of Bioengineering, Univ. of Pennsylvania, USA. We propose a novel tomographic method which utilizes visible or near-infrared light as a probe in the "mesoscopic" scattering regime when the tissue exhibits sufficiently strong scattering yet the reflected light is not diffuse. Bilateral Scattering is a very reliable in its output frequency and modulation bandwidth.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Loop-Lens Compression for Generation of 3.5 nJ Femtosecond Pulses from a CW Laser, Using an Acousto-Optic Deflector Jennifer Lee, Opto-X Inc., Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL. We present a low-threshold polymer-based tunable dye-laser. By employing a third order DBF laser resonator, we demonstrate a threshold fluence of $\sim 2 \mu\text{J/mm}^2$ and a tunability of 15 nm using a single laser dye.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Cory V. Bernier, Bryan D. Moran, Carson Langrock, Michael Drinić, Merton Israël, Univ. of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, USA. Univ. of Southampton, UK. Guided-wave parametric temporal imaging is demonstrated with 1.8 ps resolution and 1000 \times dynamic range. Waveforms are 30 kX times magnified before recording single-shot on a streak camera, and on a real-time oscilloscope repeating at 10 Hz rates.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.	CFI • 8:15 a.m. Nonlinear Optics Andy V. Zaytsev, Quavis's Univ. of Belfas, UK. Non-linear optical properties associated with surface plasmon excitations in metallic nanostructures hybridized with nonlinear molecules will be discussed. Nonlinear plasmons provides a possibility to develop novel nonlinear metamaterials with enhanced functionalities and control light with light.

NOTES

ROOM 337	ROOM 338	ROOM 339	ROOM 340	ROOM 341
QELS				
8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. QFB • Spin Dynamics John Sipe; Univ. of Toronto, Canada; Presider	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CFG • Optical Trace Gas Detection Date Nelson; Aerodyne Res., USA; Presider	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CFH • High-Q Microresonators and Devices I President To Be Announced	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CHI • 800 nm. Invited High-Q Photonic Crystal Cavities, Satoshi Noda, Kyoto Univ., Japan; Icenin Suzuki, Noda, Kyoto Univ., Japan; Koshiro K. Interband Cascade Laser, Kristian K. Finnemann, Robert J. Warner, David J. Rosen, David M. Sorenson, Mark G. Akter, Physics Sciences Inc., USA; Detection of ethane in breath will enable non-inva- sive monitoring of oxidative stress status via present ethane absorption measurements using wavelength modulation spectroscopy and show that concentrations below 1 ppb can be detected with cavity enhancement.	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CHI • 800 nm. Invited High-Q Microresonators and Devices I President To Be Announced
QPB2 • 8:15 a.m. Spatio-Temporal Resolution of Ballistic Spin Transport in Semiconductors: <i>Han Zhao, Henry M. van Dijk, Arthur L. Smith, Univ. of Iowa, USA; Univ. of Toronto, Canada; Ballistic pure spin currents which are injected into GaAs quantum wells using quantum interference techniques, are spa- tially and temporally resolved for the first time, allowing the direct extraction of spin momentum relaxation times.</i>	QPB2 • 8:15 a.m. Optical Control of Electron Spin Preces- sion in Semiconductor Quantum Wells, Shannon O'Leary, Yannin Shen, Hailin Wang, Univ. of Oregon, USA. We demon- strate a spin manipulation scheme that con- trols the amplitude as well as the phase of the quantum beats from electron spin co- herence by exploring the relative phase between relevant Larmor precessions of electron spins.	QPB2 • 8:15 a.m. Sensitive Wavelength Modulation Spec- troscopy of Ethane Using a Mid-Infrared Interband Cascade Laser, Kristian K. Finnemann, Robert J. Warner, David J. Rosen, David M. Sorenson, Mark G. Akter, Physics Sciences Inc., USA; Detection of ethane in breath will enable non-inva- sive monitoring of oxidative stress status via present ethane absorption measurements using wavelength modulation spectroscopy and show that concentrations below 1 ppb can be detected with cavity enhancement.	QPB2 • 8:15 a.m. CFG • 8:15 a.m. Sensitive Wavelength Modulation Spectroscopy of Ethane Using a Mid-Infrared Interband Cascade Laser, Kristian K. Finnemann, Robert J. Warner, David J. Rosen, David M. Sorenson, Mark G. Akter, Physics Sciences Inc., USA; Detection of ethane in breath will enable non-invasive monitoring of oxidative stress status via present ethane absorption measurements using wavelength modulation spectroscopy and show that concentrations below 1 ppb can be detected with cavity enhancement.	QPB2 • 8:15 a.m. CFH • 8:15 a.m. Invited High-Q Photonic Crystal Cavities, Satoshi Noda, Kyoto Univ., Japan; Icenin Suzuki, Noda, Kyoto Univ., Japan; Koshiro K. Interband Cascade Laser, Kristian K. Finnemann, Robert J. Warner, David J. Rosen, David M. Sorenson, Mark G. Akter, Physics Sciences Inc., USA; Detection of ethane in breath will enable non-inva- sive monitoring of oxidative stress status via present ethane absorption measurements using wavelength modulation spectroscopy and show that concentrations below 1 ppb can be detected with cavity enhancement.
JOINT				
8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. QFB • Joint Symposium on THz Spectroscopy Peter U. Jepsen; Technical Univ. of Denmark, Denmark; Presider	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CFH • High-Q Lasers and Amplifiers Jeff Nicholson; OFS Labs, USA; Presider	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CHI • 800 nm. Invited High-Power Fiber Lasers: New Type of High-Power Radiation Sources , Eugene M. Dianov, Alexey V. Shchitov, Mikhael A. Melnikov, Oleg I. Matveev, Igor A. Bifurc. Fiber Optics Res. Ctr. of the Rus- sian Acad. of Sciences, Russian Federation; Fiber Optics Res. Ctr. Russian Acad. of Sci- ences, Russian Federation; Ctl. using of a new type of lasers: Bi-klystron fiber lasers in output power level of 150-125 mW at high efficiency of 22% has been obtained for the first time.	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CHI • 800 nm. Invited High-Power Cascaded Raman Fiber La- sers with 1.4-W Output Power at 1480-nm Band, Yoshitomo Enomoto¹, Kazuji Tanabe², Clifford Headley³, Atsira Pujalte⁴, OGS, Tanabe,¹ TM, Furukawa Electric Co., Id., Japan; A cascaded Raman laser with 1.4-W CW out- put at 1480-nm band was demonstrated by a 65-m silica-based highly nonlinear fiber as the Raman gain medium. The measurements show a noticeable deviation from the Drude model in warm dense aluminum.	8:00 a.m. - 9:45 a.m. CFH • 8:15 a.m. Invited High-Power Cascaded Raman Fiber La- sers with 1.4-W Output Power at 1480-nm Band, Yoshitomo Enomoto¹, Kazuji Tanabe², Clifford Headley³, Atsira Pujalte⁴, OGS, Tanabe,¹ TM, Furukawa Electric Co., Id., Japan; A cascaded Raman laser with 1.4-W CW out- put at 1480-nm band was demonstrated by a 65-m silica-based highly nonlinear fiber as the Raman gain medium. The measurements show a noticeable deviation from the Drude model in warm dense aluminum.

ROOM 318-320	ROOM 321-323	ROOM 324-326	ROOM 314	ROOM 315	JOINT	CFB • Harmonic and X-Ray Generation in Plasmas—Continued	CFE • Hollow Waveguides—Continued	CLEO	ROOM 317	ROOM 336					
CFA • Nd Lasers—Continued	CFB • Laser Sources for Active Optical Sensing—Continued	CFC • Imaging of Tissue and Cancer—Continued	CFD • Stimulated NLO Processes—Continued	CFE • Stimulated NLO Processes—Continued	CFG3 • 8:30 a.m. High Order Wavefront Correction for High Energy NeTiF Red Amplifier by Phase Conjugate Plate. <i>Takashi Sekine¹, Shunichi Matsubara¹, Toshiyuki Kurochima², Hirofumi Kan¹, Inji Kanazawa², Eiji Tsuchihashi², Masahiro Nakamura², Youhei Iizuka¹, Naoto Yamada¹, K. K.¹, Japan, Prof. of Laser Engineering, Otsuka Univ., Inst. of Laser Engineering and Zentech, Japan</i> A beam splitter has been demonstrated in a high energy Nd:LiF amplifier system. 108 amplification of 580 nm has been achieved with a near-diffraction-limited beam quality.	CFG3 • 8:30 a.m. Raman Scattering in a Hollow Core Photonic Band-Gap Fiber Filled with Ethanol. <i>Sylvie Lefevre, Fabrice Falaise, Robert Bevilacqua, Isabelle Chabot, Philippe Delisle, Robert Turcotte, David D. Vale, Pierre Linte, USA</i> We present the first three-dimensional fluorescence images of individual antennae-like effects on genetic tumor spheroids as a function of dose through readily imaging using dynamic speckle in digital holographic optical coherence imaging towards the first Stokes's achieved even at high pump intensities.	CFG3 • 8:30 a.m. Efficient Single-partial Mode-Stimulated Raman Scattering in a Hollow Core Photonic Band-Gap Fiber Filled with Ethanol. <i>Sylvie Lefevre, Fabrice Falaise, Robert Bevilacqua, Isabelle Chabot, Philippe Delisle, Robert Turcotte, David D. Vale, Pierre Linte, USA</i> We present the first three-dimensional fluorescence images of individual antennae-like effects on genetic tumor spheroids as a function of dose through readily imaging using dynamic speckle in digital holographic optical coherence imaging towards the first Stokes's achieved even at high pump intensities.	CFG3 • 8:30 a.m. Integrated Semiconductor Chip for HFT. <i>Holger Schulz¹, Werner Kralj¹, Birgitt Witzel², Donald B. Gaskins², Roberta Breitling², Aaron R. Burdette², Univ. of California at Santa Cruz, USA, Spiehler Young, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA, Stanford Univ., Stanford, CA, USA, Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, NM, USA</i> We review fabrication and characterization of monolithically integrated rubidium vapor cells on a chip. Mode areas of quantum optics—based lasers, resonators, generation SHG frequency-resolved optical gating (FRG) devices, and optical pulses are studied in the spectral interval of 3 second harmonic photon energies from 5.0 to 5.5 eV.	QF3 • 8:30 a.m. Second-Harmonic Generation Spectroscopy of Silicon Quantum Dots. <i>Vladimir O. Resonov¹, Anton I. Moryabin¹, Oleg V. Kostylev¹, Konstantin A. Alekseyev¹, Yuxian Huang², Kravtsov², M. T. Laneman¹, Michael Sato¹, Univ. Miami¹, Avanov¹, Martin V. Rausch¹, Martin M. Tautz², Univ. of California at Santa Cruz, USA, Spiehler Young, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA, Stanford Univ., Stanford, CA, USA</i> We review fabrication and characterization of monolithically integrated rubidium vapor cells on a chip. Mode areas of quantum optics—based lasers, resonators, generation SHG frequency-resolved optical gating (FRG) devices, and optical pulses are studied in the spectral interval of 3 second harmonic photon energies from 5.0 to 5.5 eV.	QF3 • 8:30 a.m. Polarization-insensitive Ultralow-Power Second-Harmonic Generation for HFT. <i>Yannick J. Lamontagne, Michael Sato¹, Univ. Miami¹, Avanov¹, Martin V. Rausch¹, Martin M. Tautz², Univ. of California at Santa Cruz, USA, Spiehler Young, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA, Stanford Univ., Stanford, CA, USA</i> We review fabrication and characterization of monolithically integrated rubidium vapor cells on a chip. Mode areas of quantum optics—based lasers, resonators, generation SHG frequency-resolved optical gating (FRG) devices, and optical pulses are studied in the spectral interval of 3 second harmonic photon energies from 5.0 to 5.5 eV.	QF3 • 8:30 a.m. OFA • Nonlinear Nano-Optics—Continued	QF3 • 8:30 a.m. Second-Harmonic Generation Spectroscopy of Silicon Quantum Dots. <i>Vladimir O. Resonov¹, Anton I. Moryabin¹, Oleg V. Kostylev¹, Konstantin A. Alekseyev¹, Yuxian Huang², Kravtsov², M. T. Laneman¹, Michael Sato¹, Univ. Miami¹, Avanov¹, Martin V. Rausch¹, Martin M. Tautz², Univ. of California at Santa Cruz, USA, Spiehler Young, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA, Stanford Univ., Stanford, CA, USA</i> We review fabrication and characterization of monolithically integrated rubidium vapor cells on a chip. Mode areas of quantum optics—based lasers, resonators, generation SHG frequency-resolved optical gating (FRG) devices, and optical pulses are studied in the spectral interval of 3 second harmonic photon energies from 5.0 to 5.5 eV.	QF3 • 8:30 a.m. Linear and Nonlinear Optics of Light Harvesting Complexes (LCLs) and Satination Dynamics. <i>Martin Becker, Thomas Renger¹, Andreas Knorr², Inst. für Theoretische Physik, Technische Univ. Berlin, Germany, Inst. für Chemie und Biochemie, Potsdam, Germany</i> We present the Bloemberger-FROG technique based on electric-optic modulation to fully characterize the first time pulses from a 1064nm fiber diode laser and design a grating to provide optimum pulse compression.	QF3 • 8:45 a.m. Full Characterisation of Low Power Picosecond Pulses from a Gain-Switched Diode Laser Using Electro-Optic Modulation Based FROG. <i>Rin T. Vir, Andrew Malins¹, Michael A.F. Roeten, Michael Ihsen, Periklis Peropoulos, David J. Rehm, Univ. of Southampton, UK, We use a linear FROG technique based on electric-optic modulation to fully characterize the first time pulses from a 1064nm fiber diode laser and design a grating to provide optimum pulse compression.</i>	QF3 • 8:45 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Jong J. Baeck², TULI Univ. of California at Boulder and NIST USA, Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Colorado State Univ., USA</i> We demonstrate a significant extension of the harmonic cutoff, from 100 eV to 250 eV, using a capillary discharge, up to 160 eV, 170 eV and 275 eV respectively.
CFD • Near-Infrared Fluorescence Imaging for Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis. <i>Zhiwei Huang, Xuelin Zhao, Wei Zhang, Colin Shepherd, Natl. Univ. of Singapore, Singapore</i>	CFD • Maximum Time Delay Enhancement in One Fiber Segment Slow Light System Based on Stimulated Brillouin Scattering. <i>Rommy Keeler, Thomas Schneider, Markus Lindner, Kai-Uwe Lauterbach, Martin Oertel, Mark A. Berzill, James Annunzi¹, Andreas Thomas Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Near-Infrared Fluorescence Imaging for Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis. <i>Zhiwei Huang, Xuelin Zhao, Wei Zhang, Colin Shepherd, Natl. Univ. of Singapore, Singapore</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Enhancement of Maximum Time Delay in One Fiber Segment Slow Light System Based on Stimulated Brillouin Scattering. <i>Rommy Keeler, Thomas Schneider, Markus Lindner, Kai-Uwe Lauterbach, Martin Oertel, Mark A. Berzill, James Annunzi¹, Andreas Thomas Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Near-Infrared Fluorescence Imaging for Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis. <i>Zhiwei Huang, Xuelin Zhao, Wei Zhang, Colin Shepherd, Natl. Univ. of Singapore, Singapore</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Jong J. Baeck², TULI Univ. of California at Boulder and NIST USA, Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Colorado State Univ., USA</i> We demonstrate a significant extension of the harmonic cutoff, from 100 eV to 250 eV, using a capillary discharge, up to 160 eV, 170 eV and 275 eV respectively.	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Near-Infrared Fluorescence Imaging for Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis. <i>Zhiwei Huang, Xuelin Zhao, Wei Zhang, Colin Shepherd, Natl. Univ. of Singapore, Singapore</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Enhancement of Maximum Time Delay in One Fiber Segment Slow Light System Based on Stimulated Brillouin Scattering. <i>Rommy Keeler, Thomas Schneider, Markus Lindner, Kai-Uwe Lauterbach, Martin Oertel, Mark A. Berzill, James Annunzi¹, Andreas Thomas Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Near-Infrared Fluorescence Imaging for Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis. <i>Zhiwei Huang, Xuelin Zhao, Wei Zhang, Colin Shepherd, Natl. Univ. of Singapore, Singapore</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Near-Infrared Fluorescence Imaging for Colorectal Cancer Diagnosis. <i>Zhiwei Huang, Xuelin Zhao, Wei Zhang, Colin Shepherd, Natl. Univ. of Singapore, Singapore</i>	CFD • 8:45 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>				
CFE • Nd Lasers—Continued	CFB • Laser Sources for Active Optical Sensing—Continued	CFC • Imaging of Tissue and Cancer—Continued	CFD • Stimulated NLO Processes—Continued	CFE • Hollow Waveguides—Continued	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Generation of Cylindrical Vector Beams from a Nd:YAG Laser Cavity including a cut YVO ₄ Crystal. <i>Yutaka Kotera, Kazuhiko Tomono, Shunichi Saito, Inst. of Multidisciplinary Research for Advanced Materials, Tohoku Univ., Japan</i> Cylindrical vector beams were generated from a Nd:YAG laser cavity including a cut Nd:YAG crystal. By simply adjusting the length of an asymmetric conical cavity, the selection of radial or azimuthal polarization was possible.	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Enhancement of the time delay in fiber-based slow-light systems by decoupling the delay from the Brillouin gain is shown. A drastic improvement of the time delay in one fiber segment was achieved.	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>	CFE • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced High Harmonic Generation in Xe, Kr and Ar Using a Capillary Discharge. <i>Terry Popmintchev¹, Michael A. Grisenti¹, David M. Gauthier¹, Brendan A. Regan¹, Oren Cohen¹, Mark A. Berzill, Margaret A. Murnane², Henry C. Kapteyn², Schuckers-Bercher², Thomas J. Tekalon², Fachhochschule Kempten, Germany, Dublin Inst. of Technology, Ireland</i>				

NOTES

ROOM 338	ROOM 339	ROOM 340	ROOM 341
QELS			
OFB • Spin Dynamics—Continued	CFG • Optical Trace Gas Detection—Continued	CFH • High-Q Micromasers and Devices—I—Continued	CFI • High Power Fiber Lasers and Amplifiers—Continued
QPB • 8:30 a.m. Effects of Disorder on Electron Spin Dynamics in Gases Quantum Wells <i>Zhigang Chen¹, Sam G. Carter¹, Rudolf Brucheshoff¹, Sam T. Cundiff², David Danziger², Bill J. Glazebrook¹, Philip Zobrist², Boile T. Tuzon², Philip Emaneneger², Andrew R. M. Turner², FMPA, Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh, UK; University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, USA</i>	CG3 • 8:30 a.m. Isotope Ratio Measurements of Atmospheric Carbon Dioxide Using a 4.3 μm Pulsed Quantum Cascade Laser <i>David S. Nekrasov¹, John R. McManus¹, Mark S. Zahniser², Philip J. Tolosa², Philip Emaneneger², Andrew R. M. Turner², FMPA, Heriot-Watt University, Edinburgh, UK; University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, USA</i>	CFI • 8:30 a.m. Analytic Photonic Crystal Cavity Design <i>David R. England¹, Jay Frishman¹, Ilya Vuckovic¹, Stanford, USA</i>	CFI • 8:30 a.m. Multi-Watt Peak-Power Phononic Crystal Fiber Amplifiers with Near-Diffraction-Limited Output <i>Fabio Cardano, Christopher D. Basler, Agustín Carrasco, Luisa M. González, Y. Mercado, Juan A. Alvarado, Canada</i>
QPB • 8:30 a.m. Investigation of Spin-Induced Pauli Blocking on Electron Dynamics in n-doped In _x Ga _{1-x} Sb Quantum Dots <i>Zong-kwei Wei, Huiyong Che¹, Theodore Baldwin¹, Frank K. Teel, Rice Univ., USA B. Norris², Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	QPB • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced Photoacoustic Spectroscopy in In _x Ga _{1-x} O _y As Gas Quantum Dots <i>B. Norris¹, Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	CFI • 8:45 a.m. Methane Detection by Means of Quartz Enhanced Photoacoustic Spectroscopy in In _x Ga _{1-x} O _y As Gas Quantum Dots <i>B. Norris¹, Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	CFI • 8:45 a.m. Microdisks on Silicon: Fabrication and Photoluminescence <i>Christopher P. Michael Thomas Johnson¹, Oskar Painter¹, Vitt A. Shumei Hanan B. Yirine¹, Alfred J. Lohr², James Weldon², Scott Semmens², Peter B. Attard², Dept. of Applied Physics, Caltech, USA; Translucient Inc., USA</i>
QPB • 8:30 a.m. Investigation of Spin-Induced Pauli Blocking on Electron Dynamics in n-doped In _x Ga _{1-x} Sb Quantum Dots <i>Zong-kwei Wei, Huiyong Che¹, Theodore Baldwin¹, Frank K. Teel, Rice Univ., USA B. Norris², Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	QPB • 8:30 a.m. Enhanced Photoacoustic Spectroscopy by Means of quartz enhanced photoacoustic spectroscopy using a fiber-coupled UPD ₂ diode laser at 1051 nm will be reported. An autonomous sensor configuration will be described.	QPB • 8:30 a.m. Methane Detection by Means of Quartz Enhanced Photoacoustic Spectroscopy in In _x Ga _{1-x} O _y As Gas Quantum Dots <i>B. Norris¹, Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	CFI • 8:45 a.m. Microdisks on Silicon: Fabrication and Photoluminescence <i>Christopher P. Michael Thomas Johnson¹, Oskar Painter¹, Vitt A. Shumei Hanan B. Yirine¹, Alfred J. Lohr², James Weldon², Scott Semmens², Peter B. Attard², Dept. of Applied Physics, Caltech, USA; Translucient Inc., USA</i>
QPB • 8:30 a.m. Investigation of Spin-Induced Pauli Blocking on Electron Dynamics in n-doped In _x Ga _{1-x} Sb Quantum Dots <i>Zong-kwei Wei, Huiyong Che¹, Theodore Baldwin¹, Frank K. Teel, Rice Univ., USA B. Norris², Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	QPB • 8:30 a.m. Investigation of Spin-Induced Pauli Blocking on Electron Dynamics in n-doped quantum dots. Polarization-dependent measurements show the recovery is not due to Pauli blocking driven by spin relaxation.	QPB • 8:30 a.m. Investigation of Spin-Induced Pauli Blocking on Electron Dynamics in n-doped In _x Ga _{1-x} Sb Quantum Dots <i>Zong-kwei Wei, Huiyong Che¹, Theodore Baldwin¹, Frank K. Teel, Rice Univ., USA B. Norris², Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>	QPB • 8:30 a.m. Investigation of Spin-Induced Pauli Blocking on Electron Dynamics in n-doped In _x Ga _{1-x} Sb Quantum Dots <i>Zong-kwei Wei, Huiyong Che¹, Theodore Baldwin¹, Frank K. Teel, Rice Univ., USA B. Norris², Xiangtao Si², Subbanananda Chakrabarti², Pauli Blentenberg², Univ. of Michigan, USA; Univ. of Glasgow, UK</i>
J O I N T			
JFR • Joint Symposium on THz Spectroscopy—Continued			
JPB3 • 8:30 a.m. Kondo-Photonic Magnetic Resistance: A New Phenomenon at Terahertz Frequencies <i>Craig J. Barion, Kenneth J. Choi, Abhijit Banerjee, Y. Mercado, Univ. of Alberta, Canada</i>	JPB3 • 8:30 a.m. Kondo-Photonic Magnetic Resistance: A New Phenomenon at Terahertz Frequencies <i>Craig J. Barion, Kenneth J. Choi, Abhijit Banerjee, Y. Mercado, Univ. of Alberta, Canada</i>	JPB3 • 8:30 a.m. Multi-Watt Peak-Power Phononic Crystal Fiber Amplifiers with Near-Diffraction-Limited Output <i>Fabio Cardano, Christopher D. Basler, Agustín Carrasco, Luisa M. González, Y. Mercado, Univ. of Alberta, Canada</i>	JPB3 • 8:30 a.m. Temperature Dependent and Magnetic Field Dependent Terahertz Spectroscopy of In _x As <i>Junhong Lv, Daniel Littlejohn, Venkata Ramana, Prabhush C. Upadhyay¹, Amartya Sengupta¹, John Cummings¹, Edmar H. Imhoff¹, Giles Davies¹, Hiro Matsukada¹, Rice Univ., USA; Univ. of Texas, TX; Tokyo Inst. of Technology, Japan</i>
C L E O			
CFI • 8:45 a.m. Temperature Dependent and Magnetic Field Dependent Terahertz Spectroscopy of In _x As <i>Junhong Lv, Daniel Littlejohn, Venkata Ramana, Prabhush C. Upadhyay¹, Amartya Sengupta¹, John Cummings¹, Edmar H. Imhoff¹, Giles Davies¹, Hiro Matsukada¹, Rice Univ., USA; Univ. of Texas, TX; Tokyo Inst. of Technology, Japan</i>	CFI • 8:45 a.m. Temperature Dependent and Magnetic Field Dependent Terahertz Spectroscopy of In _x As <i>Junhong Lv, Daniel Littlejohn, Venkata Ramana, Prabhush C. Upadhyay¹, Amartya Sengupta¹, John Cummings¹, Edmar H. Imhoff¹, Giles Davies¹, Hiro Matsukada¹, Rice Univ., USA; Univ. of Texas, TX; Tokyo Inst. of Technology, Japan</i>	CFI • 8:45 a.m. Temperature Dependent and Magnetic Field Dependent Terahertz Spectroscopy of In _x As <i>Junhong Lv, Daniel Littlejohn, Venkata Ramana, Prabhush C. Upadhyay¹, Amartya Sengupta¹, John Cummings¹, Edmar H. Imhoff¹, Giles Davies¹, Hiro Matsukada¹, Rice Univ., USA; Univ. of Texas, TX; Tokyo Inst. of Technology, Japan</i>	CFI • 8:45 a.m. Temperature Dependent and Magnetic Field Dependent Terahertz Spectroscopy of In _x As <i>Junhong Lv, Daniel Littlejohn, Venkata Ramana, Prabhush C. Upadhyay¹, Amartya Sengupta¹, John Cummings¹, Edmar H. Imhoff¹, Giles Davies¹, Hiro Matsukada¹, Rice Univ., USA; Univ. of Texas, TX; Tokyo Inst. of Technology, Japan</i>
C L E O			
CLEO/QELS and PhAST 2007, May 6–11, 2007 • Baltimore Convention Center, Baltimore, Maryland			

QELS**OFB • Spin Dynamics—Continued****CFG • Optical Trace Gas Detection—Continued****CFH • High-Q Micr resonators and Devices—I—Continued****JFR • Joint Symposium on THz Spectroscopy—Continued**

QFB • 9:00 a.m. **Invited**
Ultrafast Enhancement of Ferromagnetic Resonance via Photoexcited Holes in Nerve Agent in a Wide Frequency Range: *Gauthier, Jérôme; Li, Guoming¹; K.M. Dant, D. S. Chennault,² X. Liu,¹ I.K. Friend,³ Lawrence Berkeley Natl. Lab., Berkeley, CA; University of California at Berkeley, USA; ²Univ. of California at Berkeley, USA; ³Univ. of Waterloo, Canada. We report on ultrafast photoexcited ferromagnetism and ferromagnetic phase transition, on a 100-ps time scale, due to a transient enhancement of Curie temperature via polarization of photoexcited carriers in III-V semiconductor Qubits.*

QFB • 9:00 a.m. **Invited**
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QFG • 9:15 a.m. **Airborne Difference Frequency Spectrometer for Ultra Sensitive Formaldehyde Measurements: *Zehn Wehring, Dale Richter, James G. Walega, Alan Fried, Neil Ctr. for Atmospheric Res., USA. An airborne difference-frequency generation mid-IR spectrometer for ultra sensitive measurements of formaldehyde at 3.5 μ m is described. The system performance is assessed during three aircraft field missions, yielding sensitivities of ~ 20 ppbv (Absorbance $\sim 7 \times 10^{-5}$).***

QFH • 9:15 a.m. **Demonstration of High-Q Microdisk Resonators Fabrication and Nonlinear Properties: *Thomas J. Kippenberg, Kerry Vahala, Max Planck Inst. of Quantum Optics, Germany; Caltech, USA. Fabrication of high-Q silica micro-disk resonators on silicon chip is reported with Q-factors exceeding 50 million. Applications to nonlinear optics and erbium lasers diodes presented.***

JPBS • 9:00 a.m. **Intrinsic Photoconductivity of PHTI Films Rescued by Time-Resolved THz Spectroscopy: *Oliver Beutel¹; Thorsten S. Neubauer¹; Michael Melchior²; Stephan Melde²; Elmar Heilweil¹; Univ. of Marburg, Marburg, Germany; Olaf Schubert¹; Stephan Melde²; Peter Baumgärtner²; Institute of Physics, Univ. of Marburg, Germany; Stephan Melde²; Peter Baumgärtner²; Univ. of Marburg, Germany; Stephan Melde²; Peter Baumgärtner²; Univ. of Marburg, Germany. We find photoconductivities of PHTI polymers were measured and compared by using optical pump-THz pulse spectroscopy. The charge carrier mobility shows a clear dependence on the molecular weight and dispersion index of the polymers.***

JPBG • 9:15 a.m. **Broadband THz Time-Domain Spectroscopy of Single-Wall Carbon Nanotubes:** *Nobuyuki Mizutani¹; Hisao Nishimura¹; Nobuyuki Mizutani¹; Ryo Shimono¹; Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Tokyo, Japan; ²Nanotechnology Inst., Natl. Inst. of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Japan. Complex dielectric function of single-wall carbon nanotubes (SWNTs) is determined by terahertz time-domain spectroscopy from 0.1 to 20 THz. The real part exhibits extremely large values below 1 THz, indicating the response of small gap SWNTs.*

JPBQ • 9:15 a.m. **High Power Single-Ended Yb-Doped Fiber Source, *Pi Wang, Jayanna K. Salin, W. A. Clarkson, Optoelectronics Res. Ctr., UK. High-power operation of fiber-based ASE sources is reported. Using single-stage and two-stage cladding-drawn-melted ytterbium-doped fiber configurations obtained 20W and 122W of broadband ASE output respectively. The prospects for further improvement in performance are considered.***

ROOM 318-320	ROOM 321-323	ROOM 324-326	ROOM 314	ROOM 315	J O I N T	C L E O	C F F • Hollow Waveguides—Continued	C F F • Ultrastable Pulse Characterization—I—Continued	Q E L S	R O O M 336
CFA • Nd Lasers—Continued	CFB • Laser Sources for Active Optical Sensing—Continued	CFC • Imaging of Tissue and Cancer—Continued	CFD • Stimulated NLQ Processes—Continued	JFA • Harmonic and X-Ray Generation in Plasmas—Continued	CFE6 • Drawing-Induced Index Anisotropy in Corrugated Plasma Waveguide: Slow Wave Structure for High Intensity Optical Pulses	CFE7 • Beam Cleanup of a Pulsed Multimode Fiber Master-Oscillator-Power-amplifier at 1.55 μm Using Simulated Brillouin Scattering	CFE8 • Pulse-Phase Reconstruction Using Optical Interference in Second-Order Responses of Gold Nanoparticles	QF6 • Nonlinear Nano-Optics—Continued		
CFA7 • 9:30 a.m. Passively Q-Switched Nd:YAG Microchip Laser, <i>Xian Ding, Allen Gruber, Almut Fedor, Federico Capasso, David Bour</i> , Scott Corzine, J. Yike, Garcia-Hegler, Harvard Physics, Inc., USA, A compact disk-pumped passively Q-switched Nd:YAG microchip laser capable of 1.54-μm ultrashort temporal pulses using an appropriate pump modulation technique developed for up-to-date high-energy and high-quality quantum cascade laser source that can be used for mid-infrared spectroscopy. The source consists of an array of closely-spaced distributed feedback lasers and a CFOAS controller.	CFB7 • 9:30 a.m. Broadly Tunable Single-Mode Quantum Cascade Laser Source, <i>Bogdan G. Popescu, Ross Andrei, Jim McArthur, Michael Bolotin, Laurent Dupré, Christian Ploof, Kevin J. Webb, Pauline Iannini, Mikhaïl Sosulin, Eric Lallier, Jean-Pierre Heidmann, Patrick George, Thibaut Boëuf, Charles Fabre, & Pauline Françoise</i> , France, We present a ring-core Er:Yb codoped fiber amplifier followed by a beam quality recovery system. The multimode output (200 μJ, 12-25) is converted in 800x800 μJ beam (M2=1.6, 100μJ) through SBS beam cleanup.	CFC7 • 9:30 a.m. Inhomogeneity Localization in Scattering Media Based on an Optical Diffusion Model, <i>Giovanni Cao, Christophe Beaumet, Koen J. Webb, Pauline Iannini, USA, A. Iosa, Michel, Laurent Dupré, Christian Ploof, Kevin J. Webb, Pauline Iannini, Mikhaïl Sosulin, Eric Lallier, Jean-Pierre Heidmann, Patrick George, Thibaut Boëuf, Charles Fabre, & Pauline Françoise</i> , France, We present a ring-core Er:Yb codoped fiber amplifier followed by a beam quality recovery system. The multimode output (200 μJ, 12-25) is converted in 800x800 μJ beam (M2=1.6, 100μJ) through SBS beam cleanup.	CFD7 • 9:30 a.m. Corrugated Plasma Waveguide: Slow Wave Structure for High Intensity Optical Pulses, <i>Brian Lester, Andrew York, Satoru Nomura, Ya-Hsin Chen, Hua-Chen Soutar, Mathieu Faucheu, Arnaud Gadoury, Sylviane Leroux</i> , Canada, We introduce a simple linear technique based on all-optical temporal differentiation for recovering the phase profile of optical waveforms from intensity measurements. We demonstrate characterization of wave packets emitted on fiber drawing of pure silica endlessly single-mode hole optical fibers through phase reconstruction measurements.	CFE6 • 9:30 a.m. Drawing-Induced Index Anisotropy in Single-Material Endlessly Single-Mode Microstructured Optical Fibers, <i>Ronald Soutar</i> , <i>Mathieu Faucheu</i> , <i>Arnaud Gadoury</i> , <i>Sylviane Leroux</i> , Canada, We introduce a simple linear technique based on all-optical temporal differentiation for recovering the phase profile of optical waveforms from intensity measurements. We demonstrate characterization of wave packets emitted on fiber drawing of pure silica endlessly single-mode hole optical fibers through phase reconstruction measurements.	CFE7 • 9:30 a.m. Beam Cleanup of a Pulsed Multimode Fiber Master-Oscillator-Power-amplifier at 1.55 μm Using Simulated Brillouin Scattering, <i>Brian Lester, Andrew York, Satoru Nomura, Ya-Hsin Chen, Hua-Chen Soutar, Mathieu Faucheu, Arnaud Gadoury, Sylviane Leroux</i> , Canada, We report evidence of forced Raman scattering in a fiber-based cavity ring-down ring laser. The cavity length is 10 cm, and the ring passes through a fiber Bragg grating. The cavity ring-down period is 18 ns, as shown as 70% with relative modulation amplitudes up to -20%.	CFE8 • Pulse-Phase Reconstruction Using Optical Interference in Second-Order Responses of Gold Nanoparticles, <i>Songlin Li, Yongqian Pan, Bo-Yi Zhan, Inst. Natl. de Recherche Scientifique (INRS), Canada, We introduce a simple linear technique based on all-optical temporal differentiation for recovering the phase profile of optical waveforms from intensity measurements. We demonstrate characterization of low-power complex pulses in the subpicosecond to nanosecond range.</i>	QF6 • 9:30 a.m. Nonlinear Nano-Optics—Continued			
QF7 • 9:30 a.m.	QF8 • 9:30 a.m.	QF9 • 9:30 a.m.	QF10 • 9:30 a.m.	QF11 • 9:30 a.m.	QF12 • 9:30 a.m.	QF13 • 9:30 a.m.	QF14 • 9:30 a.m.	QF15 • 9:30 a.m.	QF16 • 9:30 a.m.	QF17 • 9:30 a.m.

9:45 a.m.–10:15 a.m. COFFEE BREAK, 300 LEVEL FOYER

QELS**CLEO****J O I N T****OFB • Spin Dynamics—Continued****CFG • Optical Trace Gas Detection—Continued****CFH • High-Q Microringonators and Devices—I—Continued****JFR • Joint Symposium on THz Spectroscopy—Continued**

QFB • 9:30 a.m. Ultralow Spin Dynamics in Manganese-Doped GaN. *Nils Jänsch^a, Tim Thomy^a, Martin Bauer^a, Alfred Schenzinger^b, Ulrich Rößler^b, Rudolf Birnbaum^b, Thomas Graf^c, Mario Girolati^c, Martin A. Brandt^c, Dietl^c, Physics and Crf for Applied Photonics, Univ. of Konstanz, Germany; ^bWalter Schödl^c, Inst. Technol. & Innov. Reinforced, Germany*
We perform time-resolved Faraday rotation measurements on GaN. For the first time, we also deliberately excite and probe the Mn^{+4} -hole complex in this material.

CFH • 9:30 a.m. Periochemical Gas Speciation Using a Rapid, Wavelength-Tunable Mid-IR Laser Spectrometer. *Douglas J. Baumgard, Scott J. Sharpe, Andrew E. Pohl, David J. Cook, Physical Science Inc., Pasadena, CA, USA*
An analysis of mode-volume influence on the performance of a Raman lidar has been developed and utilized to develop a novel technique for lidar remote sensing of atmospheric gases. The results are supported by 3-D FDTD calculations on double heterostructures (DHS). The highest $Q=15,000$ is demonstrated.

CFG • 9:30 a.m. Periochemical Gas Speciation Using a Rapid, Wavelength-Tunable Mid-IR Laser Spectrometer. *Douglas J. Baumgard, Scott J. Sharpe, Andrew E. Pohl, David J. Cook, Physical Science Inc., Pasadena, CA, USA*
An analysis of mode-volume influence on the performance of a Raman lidar has been developed and utilized to develop a novel technique for lidar remote sensing of atmospheric gases. The results are supported by 3-D FDTD calculations on double heterostructures (DHS). The highest $Q=15,000$ is demonstrated.

9:45 a.m. – 10:15 a.m. COFFEE BREAK, 300 LEVEL FOYER

CFI • 9:30 a.m. Observation of Soft-Mode Hardening and Broadening in Sputtered Thin Films by Broadband Terahertz Time-Domain Spectroscopy. *Rafaela Kotzamanis, Hsuan-Shi Tsai, Masaoaki Ishida, Taro Kuroyanagi, Masanori Tanouchi, Tadashi Ishii, Osamu Ueda, Takanori Complex Dielectric Constants at 500 GHz thin films have been measured using the broadband terahertz time-domain spectroscopy. The broad detection bandwidth of the photoconductive antenna enables us to obtain solid-mode dispersions as well as the TO mode.*

CFI • 9:30 a.m. Observation of Soft-Mode Hardening and Broadening in Sputtered Thin Films by Broadband Terahertz Time-Domain Spectroscopy. *Rafaela Kotzamanis, Hsuan-*

ROOM 318-320	ROOM 321-323	ROOM 324-326	ROOM 314	ROOM 315	JOINT	CLEO	ROOM 317	QELS	ROOM 336
10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. CF • Yb Lasers Daniel J. Ripin; MIT Lincoln Lab, USA, Presider	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. CF • tapered Photonic Crystal Fibers Benjamin J. Eggleton; Univ. of Sydney, Australia, Presider	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. CF • Miscellaneous NLO George Wong; Hong Kong Univ. of Science & Technology, Hong Kong, Presider	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. JFC • Atoms and Molecules in Strong Fields Bernd Witzel; Univ. Laval, Canada, Presider	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. CFN • Ultra-Phase-Matched Materials/Ferroelectrics Suzuo Kurniawan; Natl. Inst. for Materials Science, Japan, Presider	10:15 a.m.–11:00 a.m. QFI • 10:15 a.m. Invited Retroelectric Photonic Structures: Characterization and Device Demonstration from the Single Item Response to a Photoelectron Angular Distributions	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. QFI • Spatio-Temporal and Interferometric Characterisation of Sub-5 fs Pulses Obtained by Filamentation , <i>Arianna Giannini^a, Anna Zaitseva^b, Florin Schegaru^c, Michael Müller^d, Lukas Gallmann^e, Richard A. Sengpiel^f, Paul A. Krug^a</i> ^a Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Regensburg, Germany; ^b Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Regensburg, Germany; ^c Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Regensburg, Germany; ^d Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Regensburg, Germany; ^e Physik Dept., ETH Zurich, Switzerland; ^f Physique Dept., ESRF, Grenoble, France	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. QFC • 10:15 a.m. Characterization of Sub-5 fs Pulses Obtained by Filamentation	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. QFC • Ultra-Phase-Matched Materials and Cavities Antar Zukhailov; Honeywell Int'l. Inc., USA, Presider	10:15 a.m.–12:00 p.m. QFC • 10:15 a.m. Enhancement of Luminescence Efficiency Using Surface Plasmon Polaritons, <i>Gregory Stasi, Jacob B. Krogstad^a, Richard A. Sengpiel^b, Paul A. Krug^c</i> ^a Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Regensburg, Germany; ^b Dept. of Physics, Univ. of Regensburg, Germany; ^c Physik Dept., ESRF, Grenoble, France
CFI • 10:15 a.m. Pulse Compression in Dispersion Decoherence Photonic Crystal Fiber , <i>J. C. Tannen, R. A. Compton, and P. B. Rolland^a, S. V. Puroj, J. R. Taylor, J. M. Stover, A. K. George, J. C. Knobler, Reinforcement Optics Co., Duluth, Georgia, USA</i> George Opt. Optiques et Reinforcement Technologies, Belgium, China, Germany, Dynamic optical flip-flop lasers for communications, optics & materials, Demarest, Dynamic optical flip-flop operation is observed using a Ti:N laser diode connected with SOA. Switching times of 100 fs or switch pulse energies of up to 100 mJ at a repetition rate of 50 MHz have been measured.	CFI • 10:15 a.m. On-Chip Ultra-low Threshold Yb Silica Laser , <i>Erik P. Olyslag, Lan Yang, Kevin J. Vahala, Caltech, USA</i> . A novel Yb:SiO ₃ fiber-coupled laser on a silicon chip was fabricated using a sol-gel process. We report a record low pump threshold of 24 nW and discuss the practical advantages of Yb micro lasers.	CFI • 10:15 a.m. High-Resolution OCT Ballon Catheter for Systematic Imaging of the Esophagus , <i>Henry L. Fier, Michael Cobb, Yuan Lv, Daniel J. McDonald, Xavier Mandado, Jeroen Van Beekhuizen, Xander Huijs, Jean-Pierre Iffemant, Hugo Bijnens^a, Grégoire Leu, Vincent Berger^b, Lab Médicalisé Phénomènes Quotidiens, Paris, Académie Toulouse, Villefranche, France, Ville de Genève, Switzerland</i> . We present an integrated source of twin photons in the telemedicine space based on the generation of parametric fluorescence in a semicircular waveguide. Time-correlation and spectral measurements are performed on this new type of source.	CFI2 • 10:30 a.m. Compact Multi-Pass Ring Laser Using LiBr-Grown Yb:YAG Crystal Fiber , <i>Lian-Yi Kuang-Yau Huang^a, Chen-Chieh Lin^a, Hsin-Peng^a, Li-Ping Huang^a, Jian-Cheng Chen^a, Sheng-Ling Huang^a, Graduate Inst. of Electro-Optical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan, Inst. of Electro-Optical Engineering, Natl. Sun Yat-Sen Univ., Taiwan, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan</i> . The Yb:YAG crystal fiber was fabricated by laser-induced pedestal growth method for the first time. It was applied in a multi-passing laser with 51.7% slope efficiency, which is higher than 50.3% of using bulk Yb:YAG.	CFI2 • 10:30 a.m. Up-Tapering of Optical Fibers Using a Conventional Flame Tapering Rig , <i>George Kolekantzas, Luis Prado-Sempere, Philip J. Russell, Maciejewski, Xavier Huang^a, Sheng-Ling Huang^a, Cheng Chen^a, Graduate Inst. of Electro-Optical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan, Inst. of Electro-Optical Engineering, Natl. Sun Yat-Sen Univ., Taiwan, Dept. of Electrical Engineering, Natl. Taiwan Univ., Taiwan</i> . The technique also works for photonic crystal fibers.	JFC2 • 10:30 a.m. Room Temperature Semiconductor Source of Twin Photons , <i>Julian Lance, Sara Dicci, Jean-Pierre Iffemant, Xavier Mandado, Jeroen Van Beekhuizen, Hugo Bijnens^a, Grégoire Leu, Vincent Berger^b, Lab Médicalisé Phénomènes Quotidiens, Paris, Académie Toulouse, Villefranche, France, Ville de Genève, Switzerland</i> . We present an integrated source of twin photons in the telemedicine space based on the generation of parametric fluorescence in a semicircular waveguide. Time-correlation and spectral measurements are performed on this new type of source.	CF2 • 10:30 a.m. Intense Field Ionization of Methane, Butane and Octane: Transition from Molecular to Atomic Response , <i>Sara Palaniappan, Bob Mitchell, Rob Sauer, Barry C. Walker, Univ. of Delaware, USA</i> . Intense field ionization techniques with Raman-spectroscopy to record 100 nm resolution images with chemically specific contrast. We will show images of semiconductor nanostructures and discuss the techniques' advantages and requirements.	JFC2 • 10:30 a.m. Spectral Shearing Interferometry with Spatially Chirped Beams , <i>Simon Parrey Gorza, Paul Wagle, Ian A. Walmsley, Oxford Univ., UK</i> . We demonstrate a new SHDR implementation relies on the two-dimensional interferogram between two spatially chirped pulse replicas. The device calibration and the spectral phase reconstruction for various shear values are performed from a single interferogram.	QFC2 • 10:30 a.m. Nano-Optics for Chemical and Materials Characterization , <i>Michael R. Beversluis, Stephan J. Stranski, NOT, USA</i> . We have developed a hybrid microscope which combines structured illumination techniques with Raman-spectroscopy to record 100 nm resolution images with chemically specific contrast. We will show images of semiconductor nanostructures and discuss the techniques' advantages and requirements.	
CFJ • 10:15 a.m. CFJ • 10:15 a.m. Invited Pulse Compression in Dispersion Decoherence Photonic Crystal Fiber	CFJ • 10:15 a.m. CFJ • 10:15 a.m. Invited On-Chip Ultra-low Threshold Yb Silica Laser	CFJ • 10:15 a.m. CFJ • 10:15 a.m. Invited Compact Multi-Pass Ring Laser Using LiBr-Grown Yb:YAG Crystal Fiber	CFJ2 • 10:30 a.m. High-Resolution OCT Ballon Catheter for Systematic Imaging of the Esophagus , <i>Henry L. Fier, Michael Cobb, Yuan Lv, Daniel J. McDonald, Xavier Mandado, Jeroen Van Beekhuizen, Xander Huijs, Jean-Pierre Iffemant, Hugo Bijnens^a, Grégoire Leu, Vincent Berger^b, Lab Médicalisé Phénomènes Quotidiens, Paris, Académie Toulouse, Villefranche, France, Ville de Genève, Switzerland</i> . We present an integrated source of twin photons in the telemedicine space based on the generation of parametric fluorescence in a semicircular waveguide. Time-correlation and spectral measurements are performed on this new type of source.	CFJ2 • 10:30 a.m. CFJ • 10:15 a.m. Invited CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited	CFJ2 • 10:30 a.m. CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited	CFJ2 • 10:30 a.m. CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited	CFJ2 • 10:30 a.m. CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited	CFJ2 • 10:30 a.m. CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited CF • 10:15 a.m. Invited	

NOTES

ROOM 341

ROOM 339

ROOM 338

QELS

QELS

CLEO

10:15 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.
QFD • Dynamics of Dots, Wires and Tubes
Carlo Piermarocchi;
Michigan State Univ., USA,
President

10:15 a.m. – 11:15 a.m.
CFP • FWD and Microwave Photonics
P. K. A. Wai;
Polytechnic Univ., Hong Kong, President

10:15 a.m. – 12:00 p.m.
QFD • High-Q Microresonators and Devices II
Sumio Noda;
Kyoto Univ., Japan, President

QFD2 • 10:15 a.m.
Acoustic Phonon Damping of Rabi Oscillations in InGaAs Quantum Dots,
Thomas Müller, Thomas Miyazaki, Sebastian Gölle, Gottfried Strasser, Karl Unterrainer, Inst. of Photonics and Ctr. for Micro- and Nanotechnologies, Austria. From time ground state Rabi oscillations in InGaAs quantum dots are studied via an optical probe hole burning technique. In comparison with frequency domain data we find that acoustic phonon-induced dephasing processes damp the oscillations

QFD1 • 10:15 a.m.
High Speed, Broadband PWD Measurements via Efficient Spectral Polarimetry,
Li Xu, Shun X. Wang, Andrew J. Weiner, ECE, Purdue Univ., USA. We experimentally demonstrate broadband, broad-band PWD measurements utilizing high-speed spectral photometry. PWD was calculated and compared using three established methods.

CFP2 • 10:15 a.m.
Broadband All-Order Polarization Mode Dispersion Compensation by Characterization and Inversion of Jones Matrices on Wavelength-by-Wavelength Basis,
Huawen Mu*, Andrew M. Weiner*, Leo Mirkin*, Peter Miller*, Physics Dept., USA, *CGR Inc., USA. We demonstrate full polarization mode dispersion (PWD) compensation of subpicosecond pulses, passing through a PMD module with -5.5 picoseconds mean differential group delay (DGD) by wavelength-by-wavelength characterization and inversion of Jones matrices.

QFD2 • 10:30 a.m.
Fast Infrared Capture and Relaxation in InAs/GaAs Self-Assembled Quantum Dots,
Eugeny A. Zibik, Stefan Menzel*, Pantelis Andreadis, Ben A. Carpenter, John W. Cockburn*, Maurice S. Skolnick*, Luke R. Wilson*, Thomas Grange*, Robson Ferreira, Geraldo Bastard*, Dominik Steffan, Stephan Winterl*, Manfred Helm*, Mathias J. Stor*, Mark Hopkins*, Dept. of Physics and Astronomy, Inst. of Scientific UK, Faculty Normand Superficie, France, Fenchium, Central Research, Germany, EPNC/Cat. Cr. for IET, Technische UK Electron Optics and Radiation Processes in InP/InGaAs Quantum Dots were investigated using mid-infrared degenerated pump-probe spectroscopy. Fast (<4-5 ps) infrared re-laxation capture times were measured even in the absence of electron-hole scattering.

CFP1 • 10:15 a.m.
Invited
Micro and Nanoscale lithography for Iterative fine-domain spectroscopy of Lab-on-a-Chip Devices,
Shoju Maruo*, Yokohama Natl. Univ., Japan, PRESTO, Japan Science and Technology Agency, Japan. All-optical controlled blocks have been developed by using non-photon microscerotolithography. The block contains optically driven micromachines such as microvalves and microturbulators. The versatile block offers advanced processes in chemical synthesis and cell analysis. We show that THz spectroscopy is useful for analysis of liquids and food products.

GRI • 10:15 a.m.
Invited
Micro and Nanoscale lithography for Production of Lab-on-a-Chip Devices,
Shoju Maruo*, Yokohama Natl. Univ., Japan, PRESTO, Japan Science and Technology Agency, Japan. All-optical controlled blocks have been developed by using non-photon microscerotolithography. The block contains optically driven micromachines such as microvalves and microturbulators. The versatile block offers advanced processes in chemical synthesis and cell analysis. We show that THz spectroscopy is useful for analysis of liquids and food products.

**QFD • Dynamics of Dots,
Wires and Tunes—
Continued**
**CFP • PMD and Microwave
Photonics—Continued**
**CFO • High-Q
Microresonators and
Devices II—Continued**
**CFO • THz Spectroscopy—
Continued**

QFD 3 • 10:45 a.m. **Extrinsic and Semiconductor Bloch Equations Approaches to Carrier Dynamics in Semiconductors**, David Wang, Marc M. Sigman, Queen's Univ., Canada. We compare the dielectric response of a nanowire using the semiconductor Bloch equations and our extrinsic equations, where phase space filling is included. We demonstrate the potential advantages of the electronic approach.

QFP 3 • 11:00 a.m. **Hybrid Optical Access Network Integrating Baseband and Radio Signals Transmitted on a Single Wavelength**, Chung-Ting Lin, Peng-Chun Peng, Yuan-Yi Tsou, Chia-Cheng Peng, Wei-Ken Peng, Bi-Shin Chang, Yen-Chih Chen, Yen-Ching Optical Engineering, Natl. Chiao-Tung Univ., Taiwan; Tsui, Chih, Ann, Chin., Taiwan. Dept. of Electronics Engineering and Inst. of Electronics, Natl. Chiao-Tung Univ., Taiwan; Yuan-Ze Univ., Taiwan. We propose a hybrid optical access network integrating FTTH and RF systems sharing a single distributed infrastructure. After transmission over 50km optical fiber, power penalties of baseband and RF signals are less than 0.2dB.

QFP 3 • 10:45 a.m. **Accurate Modeling of Inter- and Intramolecular Interactions in 1,4-Dihydronaphthalene in the 0.5–6 GHz Range**, Marilena Calzadilla, Patricia Poblete, Zenzen Christopher, Daniel H. Rausch, Christian S. Pino, and Terence J. Turner, Region Centro, Univ. de Costa Rica, Costa Rica. We find that high transmission variable-pressure gas-phase ellinometry is suited at low and high pressures. The cell is stored by using emission and pulses to dull microcavities and pulses for Mode I and II. A graduate student, Dr. La-Sue Che, prepares this glass ellipsometer, Japan. Beyond the region of interest, we find that the absorption spectrum associated with inter- and intramolecular interactions in 1,4-dihydronaphthalene. Results are in excellent agreement with spectroscopy data in the 0.5–6 GHz region using GaP wave THz source.

QFS 3 • 11:00 a.m. **High Resolution Terahertz Spectroscopy of Organic Polymeric Thin Films Using a Parallel Metal Plate Waveguide**, Joseph S. Melling*, Norman L. Seebeck, D. Grischkowsky*, WNL USA, Frederick, MD. We describe techniques that enable fabrication of free THz-QCL microtweezers. Preliminary results show that free resonators with λ_Q above λ_{eff} can be fabricated and transferred to different platforms for integration with photonic devices.

QFS 3 • 10:45 a.m. **Heat accumulation Effects in Femtosecond Laser Ablation of ITO Thin films for DRP Trapping Devices**, Muriel Hasseini-Zadeh, Kenny J. Vaidola, Colleen Hayes, Ziad Z. Kerec, Y. Vaidola, C. Colbeck, and D. Grischkowsky*, WNL USA, Frederick, MD. We describe techniques that enable fabrication of free THz-QCL microtweezers. Preliminary results show that free resonators with λ_Q above λ_{eff} can be fabricated and transferred to different platforms for integration with photonic devices.

ROOM 318-320	ROOM 321-323	ROOM 324-326	ROOM 314	ROOM 315	JOINT	ROOM 316	ROOM 317	CLEO	ROOM 311	QELS	QFC • Plasmons and Cavity Resonators—Continued
CFL • Yb Lasers—Continued		CFK • Tapered Photonic Crystal Fibers—Continued	CFL • Optical Coherence Tomography—Continued	CFM • Miscellaneous NI0—Continued							
CFL • YbAG/CrYAG Ceramics Self-Q-Switched Laser <i>Jin Dong¹, Abhishek Shinde¹, Koenich Ueda², Hidetaki Yamada², Toshiyuki Yamamoto², Alexander A. Kaminskii³, Inst. für Laser Science, Univ. Erlangen-Nürnberg, Germany, ¹Austria, ²NTT Opto-Electronics Lab., Japan, ³Electro-Communications, Japan, ⁴Koshiba Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan, ⁵Institute of Crystallography, Russian Academy of Sciences, Russian Federation, Composite, NBTG-C:RIG crystals was fabricated successfully by using vacuum annealing technique and nanocrystallization, self-Q-switched lasers with pulse energy of 125 μJ, and peak power of 105 kW have been demonstrated for the first time.</i>		CFK • Broadband Source Based on Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers and Erbium-Doped Fiber for Optical Coherence Tomography <i>Daniel Bellet¹, Linda Caron², Sébastien Léveillé³, Laurent Ouellet², Romain Macé², Thomas A. Namradovskiy³, Dept. of Electrical and Computer Engineering, McGill Univ., Canada, ²Dept. de Génie Physique, Ecole Polytechnique de Montréal, Canada, ³Optical and Electronic Engineering, Univ. of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. We have developed a novel, specifically designed SiC-Cu composite with > 120 nm bandwidth and 4 mW output power based on semiconductor optical amplifiers and an erbium-doped fiber for optical coherence tomography imaging applications.</i>	CF6 • Up-Conversion to the Conduction Band in Highly Doped YbAG and YbYO, and Its Effect on Thin-Disk Lasers <i>Susanne F. Friedrich-Thornton¹, Jean-François Bisson¹, Dmitrii Kutsenkov², Koenichi Ueda², Klaus Petermann², Günter Huber¹, Inst. für Laser-Science, Japan, Institut für Laser Physik, Germany. The absorption of high-Ytterbium-doped YAG and YO samples has been measured, confirming the occurrence of up-conversion in these materials. High intensity pumping reveals very broad-band emission spectrum that exhibits streaklike behaviour.</i>	CF5 • Novel S+C Broadband Source Based on Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers <i>Takao Kaneki¹, Yutaka Nishizawa¹, Kazumi Matsuura², Kenichi Itoh², Institute of RIKEN, Japan, ¹Inst. of Tokyo, Japan, ²PROSTO Project Res. for Embryo, Science and Technology, Japan. We demonstrate experimental evidence of the dramatic enhancement effect in a process of high-order-harmonic generation. The harmonic field generated from He atoms induced by a laser of 400 nm with booster high-order harmonics from Xe.</i>	CF6 • Dynamic Enhancement of High-Order Harmonic Generation in Mixed Gases <i>Eiji I. Takahashi¹, Tetsuo Kaneki¹, Yutaka Nishizawa¹, Kazumi Matsuura², Kenichi Itoh², Institute of RIKEN, Japan, ¹Inst. of Tokyo, Japan, ²PROSTO Project Res. for Embryo, Science and Technology, Japan. We demonstrate experimental evidence of the dramatic enhancement effect in a process of high-order-harmonic generation. The harmonic field generated from He atoms induced by a laser of 400 nm with booster high-order harmonics from Xe.</i>	CF5 • Novel S+C Broadband Source Based on Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers <i>Takao Kaneki¹, Yutaka Nishizawa¹, Kazumi Matsuura², Kenichi Itoh², Institute of RIKEN, Japan, ¹Inst. of Tokyo, Japan, ²PROSTO Project Res. for Embryo, Science and Technology, Japan. We demonstrate experimental evidence of the dramatic enhancement effect in a process of high-order-harmonic generation. The harmonic field generated from He atoms induced by a laser of 400 nm with booster high-order harmonics from Xe.</i>	CF6 • Novel S+C Broadband Source Based on Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers <i>Takao Kaneki¹, Yutaka Nishizawa¹, Kazumi Matsuura², Kenichi Itoh², Institute of RIKEN, Japan, ¹Inst. of Tokyo, Japan, ²PROSTO Project Res. for Embryo, Science and Technology, Japan. We demonstrate experimental evidence of the dramatic enhancement effect in a process of high-order-harmonic generation. The harmonic field generated from He atoms induced by a laser of 400 nm with booster high-order harmonics from Xe.</i>	CF5 • Novel S+C Broadband Source Based on Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers <i>Takao Kaneki¹, Yutaka Nishizawa¹, Kazumi Matsuura², Kenichi Itoh², Institute of RIKEN, Japan, ¹Inst. of Tokyo, Japan, ²PROSTO Project Res. for Embryo, Science and Technology, Japan. We demonstrate experimental evidence of the dramatic enhancement effect in a process of high-order-harmonic generation. The harmonic field generated from He atoms induced by a laser of 400 nm with booster high-order harmonics from Xe.</i>	CF6 • Novel S+C Broadband Source Based on Semiconductor Optical Amplifiers <i>Takao Kaneki¹, Yutaka Nishizawa¹, Kazumi Matsuura², Kenichi Itoh², Institute of RIKEN, Japan, ¹Inst. of Tokyo, Japan, ²PROSTO Project Res. for Embryo, Science and Technology, Japan. 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We demonstrate experimental evidence of the dramatic enhancement effect in a process of high-order-harmonic generation. The harmonic field generated from He atoms induced by a laser of 400 nm with booster high-order harmonics from Xe.</i>
CF5 • Energy Harvesting in Silicon Phononics Using High Resolution Line-Scanning Optical Coherence Microscopy <i>Yin Chen¹, Wei Huang¹, Jun Li¹, Andrew James G. Fujimoto², MIT, USA, A novel line-scanning optical coherence microscopy with 2nm x 25µm resolution (transverse x axial), 250 µm x 250 µm field of view, and 100 dB sensitivity is presented to real time, cellular level imaging.</i>	CF6 • Shaped Ultrashort Laser Pulses in the Deep Ultraviolet <i>Brett Ranson, Thomas Young, George Hickstein, Stanford University, Sunnyvale, CA, USA. We propose a cavity based on an acousto-optic pulse shaper to programmably control the phase and amplitude of femtosecond laser pulses in the deep ultraviolet (DUV) region. These pulses will be used in molecular coherent control experiments.</i>	CF5 • CFM • Quasi-Phase-Matched Materials/Ferroelectrics—Continued	CFO • Ultrafast Pulse Characterized II—Continued	CFO • Direct UV Pulse Shaping Applied to 3D Square and Parabolic Pulse <i>Thomas Oberthaler¹, Nicolas Forest², Ingo Carstens³, Oliver Cohen⁴, Richard Hergenrother⁴, Philippe Holloway⁵, Fabien Legare⁵, Ralf Leibert⁶, Philipp Riegert⁷, Stéphane Kortenau⁷, A. H. Kam⁸, S. Yuzao Kurita⁸, Kouji Kita⁹, Takeshi Roganti¹⁰, Inst. d'Optique, Paris, France, CEA-SPM, France, Direct UV pulse shaping of square pulses and the measurement of their cross sections has been experimentally demonstrated and discussed. We focus on using both measurement and pulse shaping accuracy.</i>	CF5 • Colloidal Quantum Dots in High-Q Plasmon Microcavities <i>Matthias Kalbfleisch¹, Thomas Thomy¹, Verena Kühlwein¹, Kathrin Behn¹, Georg Mühle¹, Matthias Hauer², Andrei Zolot², Alfred Leitenstorfer³, Rudolf Michl³, Philipp Holländer⁴, Fabien Legare⁴, Philipp Holloway⁵, Thomas Namei⁶, Yurii Rostovtsev⁷, Thomas Ziegler⁸, Thomas Namei⁹, Michael Lewenstein¹⁰, Univ. Konstanz, Germany, Univ. of Florida, Gainesville, FL, USA, Institute für Materialwissenschaften und Industrielle Fertigung, University of Bayreuth, Germany, Institute für Elektronenstrukturphysik, Univ. of Karlsruhe, Germany. We have fabricated high-Q plasmon resonators with colloidal CdSe quantum dots or rods as light emitters by focused ion beam milling. Cavities with elliptical cross section show higher Q-values compared to circular resonators.</i>	CF5 • QELS	CF5 • 11:15 a.m.	CF6 • Surface Plasmon Cavities for Solid-State Cavity Quantum Electrodynamics <i>Young Gohng, Jeffrey Steigman, C. Weruaga, Stony Brook Univ., USA. We propose a cavity based on surface plasmon modes confined by metallic distributed Bragg reflectors and analyze the interaction of the cavity mode with quantum dots (QD). The system exhibits strong Purcell enhancement.</i>	CF6 • 11:30 a.m.	CF6 • Thin Film Pyroelectric Detectors Coupled with Multilayer Carbon Nanotubes: Absorbance and Frequency Response <i>John Lehmann¹, Catherine E. Hines², John H. Radtke³, Anne C. Dilley³, Richard M. Osgood³, NIST, USA, Quarks Stark Draper Lab., USA, Natl. Renewable Energy Laboratory, USA, Columbia Univ., USA. The spectral responsivity (600 nm to 1800 nm) of a pyroelectric detector fabricated from a pyroelectric layer on top of a carbon nanotube (CNT) coating with an additional metal contact is enhanced by a factor of 400 with booster MNT coating without substantial reduction in the low frequency response (< 100 Hz).</i>	CF6 • 11:30 a.m.

QELS**QFD • Dynamics of Dots,
Wires and Tunes—
Continued**

**QFD • Dynamics of Dots,
Wires and Tunes—
Continued**

QFD • 11:15 a.m.
Chiral-Selective Excitation of Lattice Vibrations in Carbon Nanotubes Using Femtosecond Pulse Shaping, *Kin-Yung Lee, Jiae Kim, Young-Sik Lim*, Eunki Hong**, *Kyung-Heon Han¹, Jong-Hyun Kim², Robert H. Hwang³, Richard F. Snavely⁴, Cheonmann Na⁵, Univ. Republ. of Korea, Seoul, Korea, Republic of Korea, Rice Univ., USA*
Multiple pulses produced by femtosecond pulse shaping were used for chiral-selective excitation of coherent radial breathing modes (RBM) in carbon nanotubes. Detection scheme and chirality-dependent phonon lifetimes are discussed.

**QFD • 11:30 a.m.
Ultrafast Carrier Dynamics in Semiconducting Nanowires, Rob P. Phasenheimer*, George T. King*, Terri Clement*, Suleyman G. Ozbir*, Samuel T. Pearce¹, Antoinette I. Taylor¹, *Univ. Adams Natl. Lab., USN, Sandia Natl. Lab., USA, 3M, Atlanta, GA, USA*
Time-resolved measurements of carrier dynamics in Cd and Ga nanowires reveal that carrier relaxation in these systems is governed by surface states and defects. This has significant implications for nanowire-based devices in photovoltaics and thermoelectrics.**

**CFO • High-Q
Micronanotubes and
Devices II—Continued**

CFO • 11:15 a.m.
Demonstration of Silicon Microdisk Resonators Compatible with Active Interrogation: Ultra-bright Q and Efficient Waveguide-Resonator Coupling, *Mohamed Naeuf, Siamak Varamzani, Mohammad Amini, Georgia Tech, USA*
Silicon-ceramic waveguide resonators with efficient planar integrated input-output coupling are demonstrated. Two strategies affected by parallel-patched methods on substrate, compatible with active integration are discussed and compared. Experimental quality factors about 2500 and critical coupling are observed.

**CFO • 11:30 a.m.
Low Power Thermal Tuning of Second-Order Microring Resonators, *Rajendra Anupur, Charles W. Wilson, Fausto Gan, Herny Smith, Paulz Kattner, Rajeev J. Ram, Mike A. Povits, MTT, USA*
Efficient thermal tuning of 30pm K and 64W/GHz polymer light-emitting diodes have been achieved at room temperature. The compact size, fast response time and low power consumption of conductive and light-emitting devices make these resonators attractive for photonic integration.**

**CLEO
Continued**

CLEO • Ultrashort Pulse Microfabrication and Ablation—Continued

CLEO • 11:15 a.m.
Combining 3-D Microscopy with 3-D Femtosecond Laser Nanoprocessing, *Jean-Pierre R. Herman, Wayne Egan, Huilin Zhang, Junie H. Noyauld, Peter J. Atella, University of Toronto, Canada*
An ultrafast-laser optical system is presented that combines nanoprocessing (high pulse energy ~10J) with three-dimensional (3D) microscopy (~10J). Data sets were measured at 355 nm and 157 nm parallel waveguides. The observed linewidths are considerably narrower compared to conventional THz spectroscopy.

**CLEO • 11:30 a.m.
CFS • THz Spectroscopy—
Continued**

CFS • 11:15 a.m.
Narrow-Line THz Absorption Spectra of Deoxyribose and D-Glucose Films in Parallel Plate Waveguides, *Norman Leman, Steve Harbo, Subramanian Venkateswaran, Joseph P. Meligetti, Orla Keane, Steven J. Peacock, Norman Leman, Univ. of Texas, USA*
An ultrafast-laser optical system is presented that combines nanoprocessing (high pulse energy ~10J) with three-dimensional (3D) microscopy (~10J). Data sets were measured at 355 nm and 157 nm parallel waveguides. The observed linewidths are considerably narrower compared to conventional THz spectroscopy.

**CFS • 11:30 a.m.
Dielectric Measurements for Powder-Shape Samples Using Terahertz Time-Domain Attenuated Total Reflection Technique, *Hiroaki Yada, Meiyu Nagai, Koichiro Tanaka, Dept. of Physics, Graduate School of Science, Kyoto Univ., Japan*
We have demonstrated that terahertz-time-domain attenuated total reflection spectroscopy is a powerful tool of measuring the dielectric constants of various organic powder samples.**

ROOM 337

ROOM 339

ROOM 340

ROOM 341

QELS**QFD • Dynamics of Dots,
Wires and Tubes—
Continued****CFO • High-Q
Microresonators and
Devices II—Continued****CFS • THz Spectroscopy—
Continued**

QFD • 11:45 a.m.
**Time-Resolved Photoluminescence of
GaN Nanowires of Different Crystalline
Orientations, Alan Chiba,¹ Tai
Abe,¹ Hiromi Ueda,² Svenn Valdemark,³
 Chris Bordewijk,² Cen-Zheng Wang,²
 Mahendra Sudharsan,⁴ Robert Corp,⁴
 Zhiqin Gu,⁵ California Research & Education
 Institute, Inc., NASA Ames Res Ctr,^{1,3}
 Our studies of time-integrated and time-resolved
 photoluminescence of $\langle\bar{a}\rangle$ -axis and c -axis
 GaN nanowires demonstrate that the
 blue-shifted ultraviolet photoluminescence
 in c -axis GaN nanowires relative to c -axis
 GaN nanowires can be attributed to surface
 state emission.**

CFO • 11:45 a.m.
**Highly Compact High-Order Micro-Ring
Filters, Shihua Xiong,¹ Marouf Khan,¹ Hao
 Shen,¹ Minghui Qi,¹ Binbin Jin,¹ USA. We
 fabricate and characterize highly compact
 second-order and third-order silicon ring
 filters with large free spectral ranges over 30 nm and high Q-factor filter
 ing contrast ratios over >40 dB.
 The morphology of filtered holes for differ-
 ent striped pulses will be discussed.**

CFS • 11:45 a.m.
**Effect of Pulse Shaping on Silicon
 Micromachining Monitored by Laser-
 Induced Breakdown Spectroscopy and
 Surface Second Harmonic Generation
 Tiago C. Gama,¹ Gustavo Vaz,¹ Tatiana V-
 fazov,¹ Marcus Pantini,¹ Michaela Stoeckli,²
 Kodo Kaneko,² Hiroaki Ito,² Toshihiko
 Ochiai,² TOSLEY Corp.,² Canon Res Ctr,²
 Canon Inc., Japan. We observe the char-
 acteristic modes of laser-irradiated samples
 in hydrated and dehydrated states by
 second-harmonic generation diagnostics.
 The morphology of filtered holes for differ-
 ent striped pulses will be discussed.**

CFS • 11:45 a.m.
**THz Vibrational Spectra of Hydrated and
 Dehydrated Samples by Time-Domain
 Spectroscopy, Haruka Yoneyama,¹
 Masaharu Yamada,¹ Shunaro Kondo,²
 Kodo Kaneko,² Hiroaki Ito,² Toshihiko
 Ochiai,² TOSLEY Corp.,² Canon Res Ctr,²
 Canon Inc., Japan. We observe the char-
 acteristic modes of laser-irradiated samples
 in hydrated and dehydrated states by
 second-harmonic generation diagnostics.
 Several measured spectra indicate slight
 differences in vibrational modes between
 hydrated and dehydrated samples.**

ROOM 338

ROOM 339

ROOM 340

ROOM 341

CLEO**CFO • Ultrashort Pulse
 Micromachining and
 Ablation—Continued****CFS • THz Spectroscopy—
 Continued**